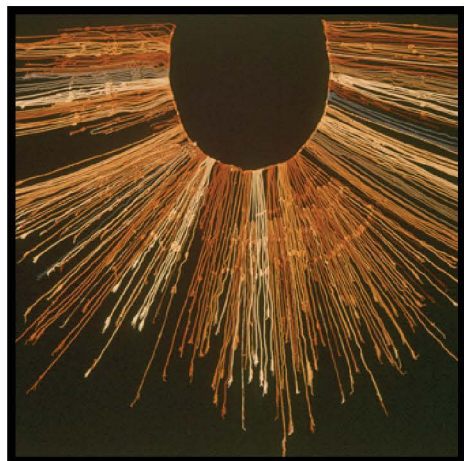


SEARCH & FIND

NOVEMBER – INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' HISTORY

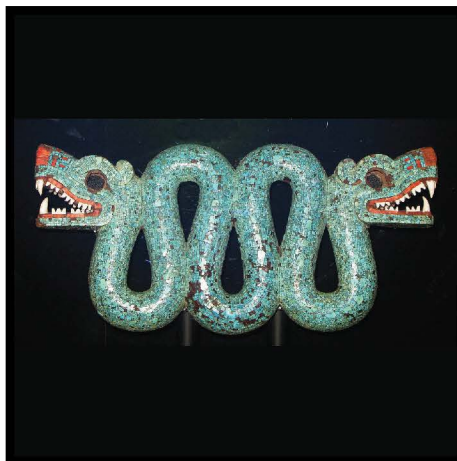
Tree – Page 1



1. Quipu.

Clue: A Quipu is a unique system for recording information (usually numbers) with knots in thin rope. It was used primarily by the Inca, though Hawaiian and Chinese peoples are known to have used similar systems

Image: Claus Ableiter; Wikimedia Commons; CC BY-SA 3.0



2. Double Headed Serpent.

Clue: This sculpture, made of turquoise and shell over wood, was made by Aztec artists sometime before 1519. It was presumably gifted to Hernán Cortés by Moctezuma II.

Image: By Geni; Wikimedia Commons; GFDL CC BY-SA 2



3. Pocahontas.

Clue: Pocahontas was a member of the Tsenacommacah, a confederation of tribes in what later became Virginia. She served as a liaison between her tribes and the newly arrived founders of Jamestown.

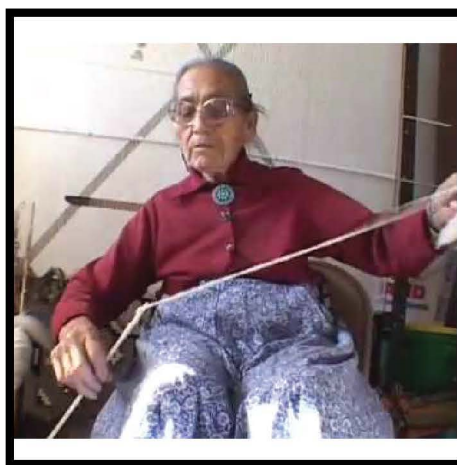
Image: By Unknown; NPG; Public Domain



4. Polar Bear Sculpture.

Clue: Carved by the pre-Inuit Dorset culture between 500 BCE and 1500 CE, this piece of walrus ivory depicts a polar bear.

Image: By Unknown; Wikimedia Commons; Public Domain



5. Clara Sherman.

Clue: Clara Sherman was an award-winning Navajo (Naashashí Dine'e) weaver best-known for her traditional rugs. The loom pictured next to Sherman in the exhibit has the date that Native Americans were given US citizenship, June 2, 1924

Image: By Unknown; Boreal Weaver; Public Domain



6. Akin Drum.

Clue: This drum was found in the colony of Virginia and is possibly the oldest surviving African American object to exist anywhere today. It serves as a reminder of the estimated 12 million slaves transported across the Atlantic Ocean to the Americas.

Image: By Unknown; Wikimedia Commons; Public Domain



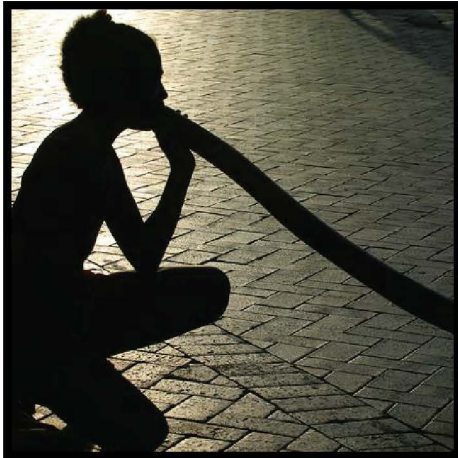
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NOVEMBER – INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' HISTORY

Tree – Page 2



7. Didgeridoos.

Clue: Didgeridoos are wind instruments long used in the ceremonial practices of the Yolngu people of northern Australia, who refer to them as yidakis. They take the form of long, simple tubes, traditionally made from the slim trunks of eucalyptus trees that have been naturally hollowed out by termites.

Image: By Sheila Smart; pbase: ©Sheila Smart



8. Izapa Stele 5.

Clue: This stone carving, which depicts a Mesoamerican Tree of Life, was created between 300 and 100 BCE. "World trees" are a common motif in pre-Columbian Mesoamerican cosmologies and iconography.

Image: By Unknown; Wikimedia Commons; Public Domain



9. Maasi Herdsman.

Clue: The Maasai people live in what is now Kenya and Tanzania. Despite pressure from local governments to abandon their semi-nomadic lifestyle, the Maasai have continued living their culture, traditions, and lifestyle.

Image: By Ninaras; Wikimedia Commons; CC BY 4.0



10. Zulu Dancer.

Clue: The Zulu are the largest ethnic group in South Africa. The different tribes formed their own kingdom in 1818. The Zulu people perform a number of dances at special, ceremonial occasions. This particular dance is called the Indlamu.

Image: By Unknown; SIBW; Public Domain.



11. IOAT Protestor.

Clue: Protesters belonging to Indians of All Tribes (IOAT) occupied Alcatraz Island between 1969 and 1971 to draw attention to the movement for civil rights for Native Americans.

Image: By Unknown; Equal Justice Initiative; ©Corbis



12. Chichen Itzii.

Clue: Chichen Itza was an urban center of the Mayan civilization and successive Toltec civilization in the modern state of Yucatan in Mexico. The temple is a testament to the Mesoamerican understanding of the cosmos.

Image: By Daniel Schwen, Wikimedia Commons; CC BY-SA 4.0